Fred Shuttlesworth

- Born March 18, 1922 in Mount Meigs, Alabama
- Graduated as valedictorian of his high school class
- 1951: Received B.A. from Selma University studying ministry
- 1953: Became pastor of Birmingham's Bethel Baptist Church
 - As the leader of an African-American church, Shuttlesworth was subject to a lot of criticism from white citizens.
- 1954: Got interested in Civil Rights Movement after Brown v. Board of Education ruling
- 1956: Established the Alabama Christian Movement for Human Rights
 - When NAACP was outlawed in Alabama, this organization created something for people
 wanting to be involved in the civil rights movement to be a part of. ACMHR members
 participated in various protests, including marches, sit-ins, and boycotts.
- 1956: House bombed on Christmas Day
 - O While he was not injured during this attack, Shuttlesworth could have simply stopped promoting civil rights. He feared for his life and the lives of his family, but he did not quit. People paid attention to his strife and joined the movement for civil rights.
- 1957: Family attacked by Ku Klux Klan during attempts to integrate a white school
 - Though he and his entire family were attacked, Shuttlesworth continued to promote integration. He was an object of perseverance to everyone in the movement. His actions empowered many more people to
- 1957: Co-founded SCLC with Martin Luther King Jr. and Bayard Rustin
 - SCLC participated in many peaceful forms of protests. One example of such is the March on Washington. People of any age heard about the "I Have a Dream" speech, and there were many more followers of the Civil Rights Movement after this occurred.
- 1965: Organized voting rights march from Selma to Montgomery
 - While many people were injured during this march, national attention was raised. Laws and customs were forced to be changed in towns because of this march.
- Died October 5, 2011 in Birmingham, Alabama